

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Previously Presented) A method of aseptically filling an internally sterilized sealed container having a transfer port which comprises a tubular body which is sealed to the wall of the container and defines a flow passage therethrough, and a sealing plug engaged into the passage, the tubular body having an annular outer sealing face thereon which surrounds the flow passage, and the plug having a grippable formation and a sealing face surrounding the grippable formation, the method comprising the steps of:

supporting the tubular body of the container in a selected orientation and position;

providing a sterilization and filling head having at least an outer sealing ring thereon which is adapted to engage and seal with the annular outer sealing face, an inner sealing ring and a sterilization chamber located between and at least partially defined by the outer sealing ring and the inner sealing ring;

bringing the sterilization and filling head and the tubular body into engagement with each other so that the outer sealing ring engages and seals with the annular sealing face and the inner sealing ring engages and seals with the sealing face of the plug;

introducing a sterilization fluid into the sterilization chamber to sterilize at least the radially outer part of the plug and that part of the tubular body between the outer and inner sealing rings;

gripping the grippable formation and withdrawing the grippable sealing plug out of the tubular body in a direction away from the container whilst maintaining the outer

sealing ring in sealed contact with the sealing face and the inner sealing ring in sealed contact with the sealing face of the plug;
introducing a flowable material into the container through the tubular body;
reinserting the plug into the tubular body to thereby close the tubular body; and
disengaging the sterilization and filling head and the tubular body from each other.

2. (Canceled)

3. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the method includes the steps of:

providing a gripping jaw on the sterilization and filling head within the outer sealing ring; and

gripping the plug with the gripping jaw in order to withdraw the plug from the tubular body.

4. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 3, wherein said method includes the steps of:

gripping the grippable formation on the plug with the gripping jaw; and

extracting the plug from the tubular body whilst urging the inner sealing ring in sealing engagement with the sealing face on the plug.

5. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the method includes the steps of:

partially inserting the plug into the tubular body;

cleaning the peripheral outer surfaces of the plug prior to fully inserting the plug into the tubular body; and

fully inserting the plug into the tubular body.

6. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 5, wherein the step of cleaning the peripheral outer surfaces of the plug is achieved by introducing a

sterilization fluid into the sterilization chamber with the plug partially inserted into the flow passage in the tubular body.

7. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the method includes the step of sealing the plug to the tubular body during or after the plug has been reinserted into the tubular body.

8. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 7, wherein the sealing is achieved by welding the plug in to the tubular body.

9. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 8, wherein the welding is done using one of the following: high temperature sterilization fluid; steam.

10. (Previously Presented) A sterilization and filling apparatus for aseptic filling of sterile containers having a filling nozzle comprising a tubular body with a flow passage therethrough and a plug for closing the flow passage, at least the tubular body having an annular sealing face thereon, and the plug having a grippable formation and a sealing face surrounding the grippable formation, the apparatus comprising:

holding means for holding the container and/or the tubular body in a selected position;

a sterilization and filling head having at least an outer annular sealing ring adapted to engage the annular sealing face on the tubular body and an inner sealing ring located inwardly of the outer sealing ring and adapted to engage the sealing face of the plug, the sterilization and filling head having a sterilization chamber located between and at least partially defined by the outer and inner sealing rings, the sterilization and filling head having a cavity therein adapted to receive the plug of a container to be filled, the sterilization and filling head and/or the tubular body being movable towards and away from the other;

sterilization fluid supply means adapted to supply sterilization fluid to the sterilization chamber;

a plug extractor adapted to extract the plug from the tubular body and to move the plug into the cavity in the sterilization and filling head, the plug extractor including a gripper located inwardly of the inner sealing ring for gripping the grippable formation on the plug; and
filling means adapted to fill the container through the sterilization and filling head when the plug has been extracted.

11. (Previously Presented) A sterilization and filling apparatus as claimed in claim 10, wherein the inner sealing ring [which] is co-axial with said outer sealing ring and spaced inwardly therefrom to define an annular space therebetween, said annular space forming said sterilization chamber [said inner sealing ring being engageable with a sealing face provided on the plug].

12. (Previously Presented) A sterilization and filling apparatus as claimed in 10, wherein the plug extractor may comprise one or more gripping jaws adapted to grip the plug and extract it from the tubular body into the cavity.

13. (Previously Presented) A sterilization and filling apparatus as claimed in claim 12, wherein the jaws are mounted to a ram which is moveable in an axial direction towards and away from the plug, the jaws being moveable between gripping and release positions.

14. (Previously Presented) A sterilization and filling apparatus as claimed in claim 13, wherein the jaws automatically move to a gripping position when the ram moves in a direction away from the plug, and move into the release position when the ram moves towards the plug.

15. (Previously Presented) A sterilization and filling apparatus as claimed in claim 13, wherein the ram is adapted to drive the plug into the tubular passage after the container has been filled.

16. (Previously Presented) A sterilization and filling apparatus as claimed in claim 15, wherein the sterilization and filling head is adapted to shut off the flow of filling material into the container prior to the plug being fully inserted into the tubular passage.

17. (Previously Presented) A sterilization and filling apparatus as claimed in claim 15, wherein said sterilization and filling head is adapted to clean the plug with sterilization fluid when the plug is partially re-inserted back into the tubular passage.

18 to 22. (Canceled)

23. (Currently Amended) ~~An aseptic container as claimed in claim 18~~ An aseptic container adapted to be filled with a flowable material, the aseptic container having a filling opening comprising a tubular body having a flow passage therethrough, and a plug for sealing the flow passage, the plug having gripping formations on the outer face thereof, and retaining means or locking formations thereon for operatively or cooperatively locking the plug into the flow passage, wherein the plug is cup shaped having an end wall and a cylindrical skirt depending from the end wall, the end wall adapted to be outermost when the plug is inserted into the flow passage.

24. (Previously Presented) An aseptic container as claimed in claim 23, wherein the gripping formations are formed on the end wall and project in a direction which is opposite to that in which the skirt extends from the end wall.

25. (Previously Presented) An aseptic container as claimed in claim 24, wherein said gripping formations take the form of a head which stands proud of the end wall.

26. (Previously Presented) An aseptic container as claimed in claim 25, wherein said head is undercut to provide purchase for gripping jaws which are adapted to extract the plug from the flow passage.

27. (Currently Amended) An aseptic container as claimed in claim [18] 23, wherein said locking formations comprise a radially outwardly projecting annular rib formed on the plug, said rib being adapted to be located behind a shoulder, end face or within a groove formed in or adjacent the flow passage.
28. (Currently Amended) An aseptic container as claimed in claim [18] 23, wherein said flow passage and/or the plug have an annular seal therein adapted to seal with a plug inserted into the flow passage.
29. (Currently Amended) An aseptic container as claimed in claim [18] 23, wherein the plug and/or the tubular body are formed of a thermoplastic material adapted to bond together under temperatures of between about 130 °C and 180 °C.
30. (Currently Amended) An aseptic container as claimed in claim [18] 23, wherein the plug and the tubular body are sealed together during manufacture.
31. (Original) An aseptic container as claimed in claim 30, wherein said seal is mechanically rupturable.
32. (Original) An aseptic container as claimed in claim 30, wherein said seal is adapted to be weakened under temperature of between 130°C and 180°C thereby providing an arrangement for simplified extraction of the plug after it has been sterilized by a high temperature sterilization fluid.
33. (Canceled)
34. (Canceled)
35. (Currently Amended) ~~A plug and gland as claimed in claim 34~~ A plug and gland port for use on an aseptic container, said port comprising:

a tubular body having a flow passage therethrough defined by a cylindrical inner wall of the tubular body, and a plug for sealing the flow passage, the plug having gripping formations on the outer face thereof, and retaining means or formations thereon for locking the plug into the flow passage,

said retaining means comprising an annular recess formed around the periphery of the plug, and an annular rib or lip formed around and standing proud of the cylindrical inner wall of the tubular body, the rib or lip adapted to locate in the recess to form a locating and/or sealing engagement with the recess when the plug is operatively installed within the tubular body,

wherein the annular recess on the plug is at least partially filled with a sealing ring, and

wherein said sealing ring is a low melt sealant deposited in said recess.

36. (Original) A plug and gland as claimed in claim 35, wherein the rib or lip on the cylindrical inner wall is spaced a first distance away from the operatively outer end face of the tubular body.

37. (Canceled)

38. (Currently Amended) ~~A plug and gland as claimed in claim 33~~ A plug and gland port for use on an aseptic container, said port comprising:

a tubular body having a flow passage therethrough defined by a cylindrical inner wall of the tubular body, and a plug for sealing the flow passage, the plug having gripping formations on the outer face thereof, and retaining means or formations thereon for locking the plug into the flow passage,

said retaining means comprising a first annular recess formed around the periphery of the plug, and an annular rib or lip formed around and standing proud of the cylindrical inner wall of the tubular body, the rib or lip adapted to locate in the first

recess to form a locating and/or sealing engagement with the first recess when the plug is operatively installed within the tubular body, and

wherein said plug has a second annular recess formed around the periphery thereof, said second annular recess being spaced from the first annular recess, the second annular recess being spaced a distance away from the operatively outer end face of the plug by a distance which is substantially the same as distance which the rib or lip is spaced away from the operatively outer end face of the gland so that when the rib or lip is located within the second annular recess the operatively outer end faces of the gland and the plug are substantially flush with each other.

39. (Currently Amended) A plug and gland as claimed in claim [39] 38 whereby prior to filling the container the gland and plug are welded together.

40. (Currently Amended) A plug and gland as claimed in claim [33] 35, wherein said rib or lip has a generally triangular form in cross section so as to provide a chamfered or bevelled face in both an outwardly facing direction and an inwardly facing direction to allow for simplified engagement and disengagement of the plug with the gland.

41. (Previously Presented) A method of aseptically filling an internally sterilized sealed container from a sterilizing and filling head through a transfer port of the container, the transfer port comprising a tubular body sealed to a wall of the container and defining a flow passage therethrough, and a removable sealing plug engaged in said flow passage and having a grippable formation and an annular sealing face surrounding the grippable formation, the tubular body having an exterior sealing surface, and the sterilization and filling head comprising an outer sealing ring and an inner sealing ring, the method comprising:

supporting the tubular body of the container in a selected orientation and position;

bringing the sterilization and filling head into engagement with the container such that the outer sealing ring engages and seals with the sealing surface of the tubular

body and the inner sealing ring engages and seals with the annular sealing face of the plug such that the inner and outer sealing rings and the portion of the transfer port extending therebetween at least partially define a sterilization chamber;
introducing a sterilization fluid into the sterilization chamber;

gripping the grippable formation and withdrawing the sealing plug out of the tubular body whilst maintaining the outer sealing ring in sealed contact with the tubular body and whilst maintaining the inner sealing ring in sealed contact with the sealing face of the plug;

introducing a flowable material into the container through the tubular body;
reinserting the plug into the tubular body to thereby close the tubular body; and
disengaging the sterilization and filling head from the container.

42. (Previously Presented) A method of aseptically filling an internally sterilized sealed container from a sterilizing and filling head through a transfer port of the container, the transfer port comprising a tubular body sealed to a wall of the container and defining a flow passage therethrough, and a removable sealing plug sealing said flow passage, the sealing plug having a side wall engaged into the passage, the tubular body having an exterior sealing surface, the sterilization and filling head including an outer sealing ring, the method comprising :
supporting the tubular body of the container in a selected orientation and position;

bringing the sterilization and filling head into engagement with the container such that the outer sealing ring engages and seals with the sealing surface of the tubular body, the portion of the transfer port within the outer sealing ring providing a surface of a sterilization chamber;

introducing a sterilization fluid into the sterilization chamber to sterilize the surfaces of the sterilization chamber;

withdrawing the plug out of the tubular body whilst maintaining the outer sealing ring in sealed contact with the tubular body;

introducing a flowable material into the container through the tubular body;

partially reinserting the plug into the tubular body such that a portion of the plug side wall remains exposed to the sterilization chamber;
cleaning the exposed surfaces of the partially inserted plug;
completing the insertion of the plug into the tubular body to thereby close the tubular body; and
disengaging the sterilization and filling head from the container.

43. (Previously Presented) A method of aseptically filling an internally sterilized sealed container from a sterilizing and filling head through a transfer port of the container, the transfer port comprising a tubular body sealed to a wall of the container and defining a flow passage therethrough, and a removable sealing plug engaged into the passage in an initial rupturable sealed position, the tubular body having an exterior sealing surface, the sterilization and filling head comprising an outer sealing ring, the method comprising :
supporting the tubular body of the container in a selected orientation and position;

bringing the sterilization and filling head into engagement with the container such that the outer sealing ring engages and seals with the sealing surface of the tubular body, a portion of the transfer port within the outer sealing ring providing a surface of a sterilization chamber;
introducing a sterilization fluid into the sterilization chamber to sterilize the surfaces of the sterilization chamber;
withdrawing the plug out of the tubular body whilst maintaining the outer sealing ring in sealed contact with the tubular body;
introducing a flowable material into the container through the tubular body;

reinserting the plug into the tubular body into a second position deeper than the initial position to thereby seal closed the tubular body; and
disengaging the sterilization and filling head from the container.

44. (Previously Presented) A sterilization and filling apparatus for aseptic filling of sterile containers having a filling nozzle comprising a tubular body with a flow

passage therethrough and a plug for sealing closed the flow passage, the tubular body having an exterior sealing surface, the plug having a grippable formation and an annular sealing face, the apparatus comprising:

a sterilization and filling head comprising a cavity, an outer sealing ring adapted to engage the tubular body sealing surface of a container, and an inner sealing ring moveable within the cavity and adapted to engage the plug sealing face of the container, the inner and outer sealing rings at least partially defining a sterilization chamber therebetween,

a sterilization fluid supply adapted to supply sterilization fluid into the sterilization chamber,

a plug extractor moveable within the inner sealing ring to engage the grippable formation on the plug and to extract the engaged plug from the tubular body into the cavity whilst maintaining sealed contact between the inner sealing ring and the plug sealing face,

filling means adapted to fill the container through the sterilization and filling head when the plug has been extracted,

the plug extractor further being movable to reinsert the plug into the flow passage.

45. (Previously Presented) An apparatus according to claim 44 wherein the inner sealing ring is adapted to seal with the plug sealing face by at least partially penetrating the plug sealing face.

46. (Previously Presented) An apparatus according to claim 44 wherein said plug extractor moves within, and substantially independently of, said inner sealing ring such that as a plug is extracted from a container, the plug is urged more forcefully against the inner sealing ring.

47. (Previously Presented) An apparatus according to claim 44 wherein said inner sealing ring is mounted on a moveable sleeve and wherein said plug extractor is

mounted within said sleeve in a manner such that the plug extractor can move independently of the sleeve.

48. (Previously Presented) An apparatus according to claim 47 wherein the sliding sleeve acts as a control valve for the filling means for controlling the flow of flowable material into a container engaged by the filling head.

49. (Previously Presented) A sterilization and filling apparatus for aseptic filling of sterile containers having a filling nozzle comprising a tubular body with a flow passage therethrough and a plug for closing the flow passage, the tubular body having an exterior sealing surface, the apparatus comprising :

a sterilization and filling head comprising a cavity, an outer sealing ring adapted to engage the tubular body sealing surface of a container, the outer sealing ring at least partially defining a sterilization chamber;

a sterilization fluid supply adapted to supply sterilization fluid into the sterilization chamber;

a plug extractor adapted to engage a plug and extract the engaged plug from the tubular body into the cavity; and
filling means adapted to fill the container through the sterilization and filling head when the plug has been extracted;

wherein the plug extractor is adapted to re-insert the plug into the tubular body of a container after filling of the container into a position which is deeper than the initial position from which the plug was extracted.

50. (Previously Presented) A sterilization and filling apparatus according to claim 49 further comprising sealing means for sealing a re-inserted plug into the tubular body of a container.

51. (Previously Presented) A sterilization and filling apparatus for aseptic filling of sterile containers having a filling nozzle comprising a tubular body with a flow

passage therethrough and a removable sealing plug sealing said flow passage, the sealing plug having a side wall engaged into the passage, the tubular body having an exterior sealing surface, the apparatus comprising :

a sterilization and filling head comprising a cavity, an outer sealing ring adapted to engage the tubular body sealing surface of a container, the outer sealing ring at least partially defining a sterilization chamber;

a sterilization fluid supply adapted to supply sterilization fluid into the sterilization chamber;

a plug extractor adapted to engage a plug and extract the engaged plug from the tubular body into the cavity; and
filling means adapted to fill the container through the sterilization and filling head when the plug has been extracted;

wherein the plug extractor is adapted to partially re-insert the plug sidewall into the tubular body of a container after filling of the container such that a portion of the plug side wall remains exposed to the sterilization chamber; and

wherein the apparatus is configured such that whilst maintaining the plug in a partially re-inserted position the sterilization fluid supply can clean the exposed surfaces of the partially inserted plug.

52. (Previously Presented) An aseptic container adapted to be filled with a flowable material from a filling and sterilization head of a filling apparatus, the aseptic container having a filling opening providing an exterior sealing surface for sterilization by the filling and sterilization head, the filling opening comprising:
a tubular body having a flow passage therethrough ;

a plug for aseptically sealing the flow passage, the plug having at least one engageable formation adapted to be engaged by an engaging device of the filling head for removing and replacing the plug;

a first rupturable seal for aseptically sealing the plug within the flow passage and for maintaining the interior of the container in an aseptic condition prior to filling, and

a sealing and retaining formation for aseptically sealing and retaining the plug within the flow passage and for maintaining the interior of the container in an aseptic condition once filled.

53. (Previously Presented) An aseptic container according to claim 52 wherein:

the sealing and retaining formation is adapted to seal and retain the plug within the flow passage in a second position which is different from the initial position of the first rupturable seal from which the plug is arranged to be withdrawn.

54. (Previously Presented) An aseptic container adapted to be filled with a flowable material from a filling and sterilization head of a filling apparatus, the aseptic container having a filling opening defining an exterior sterilizable surface for sterilization by the filling and sterilization head, the filling opening comprising:
a tubular body having a flow passage therethrough;

a plug for aseptically sealing the flow passage, an exterior portion of the plug being engagable by an engaging device of the filling head for removing and replacing the plug;

a first sealing and retaining arrangement adapted to retain the plug in the flow passage in an initial aseptically sealed position for maintaining the interior of the container in an aseptic condition prior to filling; and

a second sealing and retaining arrangement adapted to retain the plug in the flow passage in a second aseptically sealed position after the container is filled.

55. (Previously Presented) An aseptic container as claimed in claim 54 wherein said first sealing and retaining arrangement includes a rupturable seal extending between the plug and the tubular body.

56. (Previously Presented) An aseptic container as claimed in claim 54 wherein said first sealing and retaining arrangement comprises a first rib and complementary recess formation.

57. (Previously Presented) An Aseptic container as claimed in claim 56 wherein said second sealing and retaining arrangement comprises a second rib and complementary recess formation.

58. (Previously Presented) An aseptic container as claimed in claim 57 wherein a rib or recess of the first rib and recess formation is subsequently used as a rib or recess that forms part of the second rib and recess formation .

59. (Previously Presented) An aseptic container as claimed in claim 56 wherein the complementary recess of at least one of the first or second sealing and retaining arrangements is at least partially filled with a sealing material.

60. (Previously Presented) An aseptic container as claimed in claim 54 wherein the second aseptically sealed position is deeper within the flow passage than the initial position.